## Visit nipponpulse.com to download 3D CAD drawings and 2D prints of this motor.

Electrical Specs	L160D	L160T	L160Q
Continuous Force <sup>1</sup>	8.8N (2.0lbs)	13N (2.9lbs)	18N (4.05lbs)
Continuous Current <sup>1</sup>	0.55Arms		
Acceleration Force <sup>2</sup>	35N (7.9lbs)	53N (11.9lbs)	70N (15.7lbs)
Acceleration Current <sup>2</sup>	2.2Arms		
Force Constant (K <sub>f</sub> )	16N/amp (3.6lbs/amp)	24N/amp (5.4lbs/amp)	32N/amp (7.3lbs/amp)
Back EMF (K <sub>e</sub> )	5.4V/m/s	8V/m/s	11V/m/s
Resistance 25°C <sup>3</sup>	21Ω	31Ω	41Ω
Inductance <sup>3</sup>	7.3mH	11mH	15mH
Electric Time Constant	0.39ms	0.36ms	0.37ms
Fundamental Motor Constant (K <sub>m</sub> )	3.51N√W	4.20N√W	4.96N√W
Magnetic Pitch (North-North)	60mm (2.36in)		

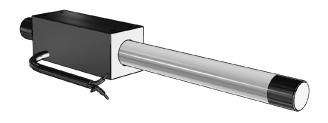
Is this the proper Linear Shaft Motor for your application? Use our SMART sizing program to assist in your decision.

This motor can be customized to fit your application demands; contact your application engineer for more information.

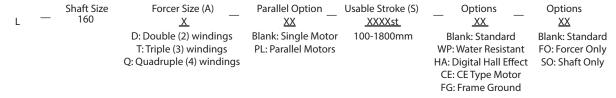
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All winding parameters listed are measured line-to-line (phase-to-phase).

Thermal Specs	L160D	L160T	L160Q
Max Phase Temperature <sup>4</sup>	135°C (275°F)		
Thermal Resistance (Coil) (K <sub>q</sub> )	18°C/W	12°C/W	8.9°C/W

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The standard temperature difference between the coil and the forcer surface is 15°C.



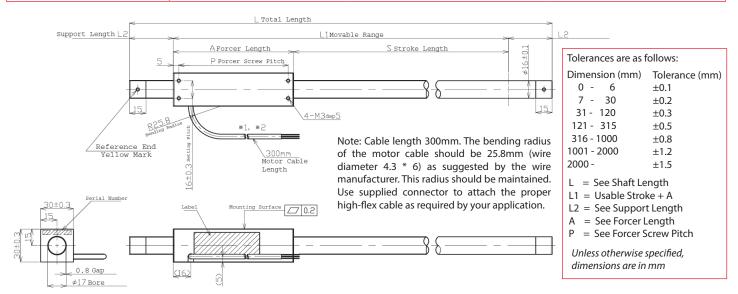
#### Part Numbering System



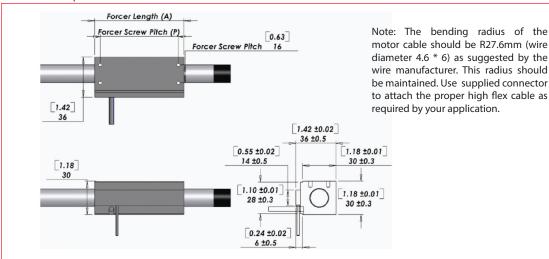
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on a temp rise of coil surface of 110°K over 25°C ambient temperature stalled forcer, and no external cooling or heat sinking.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Can be maintained for a maximum of 40 seconds. Higher forces and current possible for short periods of time, contact Nippon Pulse for more information.

Forcer Specs	L160D	L160T	L160Q
Forcer Length (A)	80mm (3.15in)	110mm (4.3in)	140mm (5.5in)
Forcer Width	30mm ±0.3 (1.18in)		
Forcer Screw Pitch (P)	70mm (2.8in)	100mm (3.94in)	130mm (5.1in)
Forcer Weight	0.15kg (0.33lbs)	0.20kg (0.44lbs)	0.30kg (0.66lbs)
Gap	0.8mm (0.03in)		



#### **Hall Effect Specs**

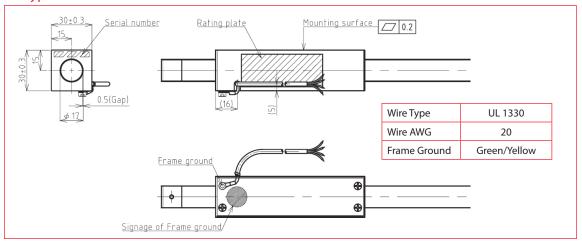


## Sensor Cable Specs

Wire Type	UL 758	
Wire AWG	28	
VCC	White/Red	
GND	White/Black	
Sensor 1	Orange/Red	
Sensor 2	Orange/Black	
Sensor 3	Gray/Red	

The bending radius of the sensor cable should be R26.46mm (wire diameter 4.4 \* 6) as suggested by the wire manufacturer. This radius should be maintained. Attach the proper high flex cable as required by your application.

### **FG Type Motor Cable**



#### Shaft Length (L)

#### Stroke L160D L160T L160Q 260mm (10.2in) 290mm (11.4in) 100 230mm (9.1in) 150 280mm (11in) 310mm (12.2in) 340mm (13.4in) 200 330mm (13in) 360mm (14.2in) 390mm (15.4in) 250 380mm (15in) 410mm (16.1in) 440mm (17.3in) 300 430mm (16.9in) 460mm (18.1in) 490mm (19.3in) 350 480mm (18.9in) 510mm (20.1in) 540mm (21.3in) 400 560mm (22in) 590mm (23.2in) 620mm (24.4in) 450 610mm (24in) 640mm (25.2in) 670mm (26.4in) 500 660mm (26in) 690mm (27.2in) 720mm (28.3in) 550 770mm (30.3in) 710mm (28in) 740mm (29.1in) 600 760mm (29.9in) 790mm (31.1in) 820mm (32.3in) 650 810mm (31.9in) 840mm (33.1in) 870mm (34.3in) 700 860mm (33.9in) 890mm (35in) 920mm (36.2in) 750 910mm (35.8in) 940mm (37in) 970mm (38.2in) 800 960mm (37.8in) 990mm (39in) 1020mm (40.2in) 850 1050mm (41.3in) 1080mm (42.5in) 1110mm (43.7in) 900 1100mm (43.3in) 1130mm (44.5in) 1160mm (45.7in) 950 1150mm (45.3in) 1180mm (46.5in) 1210mm (47.6in) 1260mm (49.6in) 1000 1200mm (47.2in) 1230mm (48.4in) 1050 1310mm (51.6in) 1250mm (49.2in) 1280mm (50.4in) 1100 1300mm (51.2in) 1330mm (52.4in) 1360mm (53.5in) 1150 1350mm (53.1in) 1380mm (54.3in) 1410mm (55.5in) 1200 1400mm (55.1in) 1430mm (56.3in) 1460mm (57.5in) 1250 1450mm (57.1in) 1480mm (58.3in) 1510mm (59.4in) 1300 1500mm (59.1in) 1530mm (60.2in) 1560mm (61.4in) 1350 1550mm (61in) 1580mm (62.2in) 1610mm (63.4in) 1400 1600mm (63in) 1660mm (65.4in) 1630mm (64.2in) 1450 1650mm (65in) 1680mm (66.1in) 1710mm (67.3in) 1500 1700mm (66.9in) 1730mm (68.1in) 1760mm (69.3in) 1550 1810mm (71.3in) 1750mm (68.9in) 1780mm (70.1in) 1600 1800mm (70.9in) 1830mm (72in) 1860mm (73.2in) 1650 1850mm (72.8in) 1880mm (74in) 1910mm (75.2in) 1700 1900mm (74.8in) 1930mm (76in) 1960mm (77.2in) 1750 1950mm (76.8in) 1980mm (78in) 2010mm (79.1in)

#### **Shaft Mass**

Stroke	L160D	L160T	L160Q
100	0.28kg (0.62lb)	0.33kg (0.73lb)	0.37kg (0.82lb)
150	0.35kg (0.77lb)	0.4kg (0.88lb)	0.44kg (0.97lb)
200	0.42kg (0.93lb)	0.47kg (1.0lb)	0.51kg (1.1lb)
250	0.49kg (1.1lb)	0.54kg (1.2lb)	0.58kg (1.3lb)
300	0.56kg (1.2lb)	0.61kg (1.3lb)	0.65kg (1.4lb)
350	0.64kg (1.4lb)	0.68kg (1.5lb)	0.72kg (1.6lb)
400	0.72kg (1.6lb)	0.77kg (1.7lb)	0.81kg (1.8lb)
450	0.79kg (1.7lb)	0.84kg (1.9lb)	0.88kg (1.9lb)
500	0.86kg (1.9lb)	0.91kg (2.0lb)	0.95kg (2.1lb)
550	0.93kg (2.1lb)	1kg (2.2lb)	1kg (2.2lb)
600	1kg (2.2lb)	1kg (2.2lb)	1.1kg (2.4lb)
650	1.1kg (2.4lb)	1.1kg (2.4lb)	1.2kg (2.6lb)
700	1.1kg (2.4lb)	1.2kg (2.6lb)	1.2kg (2.6lb)
750	1.2kg (2.6lb)	1.3kg (2.9lb)	1.3kg (2.9lb)
800	1.3kg (2.9lb)	1.3kg (2.9lb)	1.4kg (3.1lb)
850	1.4kg (3.1lb)	1.4kg (3.1lb)	1.5kg (3.3lb)
900	1.5kg (3.3lb)	1.5kg (3.3lb)	1.5kg (3.3lb)
950	1.5kg (3.3lb)	1.6kg (3.5lb)	1.6kg (3.5lb)
1000	1.6kg (3.5lb)	1.6kg (3.5lb)	1.7kg (3.7lb)
1050	1.7kg (3.7lb)	1.7kg (3.7lb)	1.7kg (3.7lb)
1100	1.7kg (3.7lb)	1.8kg (4.0lb)	1.8kg (4.0lb)
1150	1.8kg (4.0lb)	1.9kg (4.2lb)	1.9kg (4.2lb)
1200	1.9kg (4.2lb)	1.9kg (4.2lb)	2kg (4.4lb)
1250	2kg (4.4lb)	2kg (4.4lb)	2kg (4.4lb)
1300	2kg (4.4lb)	2.1kg (4.6lb)	2.1kg (4.6lb)
1350	2.1kg (4.6lb)	2.2kg (4.9lb)	2.2kg (4.9lb)
1400	2.2kg (4.9lb)	2.2kg (4.9lb)	2.3kg (5.1lb)
1450	2.3kg (5.1lb)	2.3kg (5.1lb)	2.3kg (5.1lb)
1500	2.3kg (5.1lb)	2.4kg (5.3lb)	2.4kg (5.3lb)
1550	2.4kg (5.3lb)	2.4kg (5.3lb)	2.5kg (5.5lb)
1600	2.5kg (5.5lb)	2.5kg (5.5lb)	2.6kg (5.7lb)
1650	2.6kg (5.7lb)	2.6kg (5.7lb)	2.6kg (5.7lb)
1700	2.6kg (5.7lb)	2.7kg (6.0lb)	2.7kg (6.0lb)
1750	2.7kg (6.0lb)	2.7kg (6.0lb)	2.8kg (6.2lb)

Additional stroke lengths are available. Contact Nippon Pulse for more information.

#### Standard Lead Wire

Wire Type	UL 2464FA
Wire AWG	25
U Phase	Red
V Phase	White
W Phase	Black

300mm lead wire bare leads. The bending radius of the motor cable should be 25.8mm as suggested by the wire manufacturer.

#### **CE Type Lead Wire Option**

Ground Wire	CE	
Wire Type	UL 1330	
Wire AWG	24	
U Phase	Red	
V Phase	White	
W Phase	Black	

300mm lead wire bare leads. The bending radius of the motor cable should be 16.96mm as suggested by the wire manufacturer. FG type with insulating sheet between coils and case. Meets all requirements of EN60034-1 (1998).

Note: Metric units guaranteed. Imperial (United States customary) units are calculated.

## **Forcer Spacing Distance**

Spec	L160T	L160Q
Forcer Spacing Distance	pacing Distance 10mm	
Pole (N/S) Distance	30mm	
Forcer Length	110mm 140mm	
Flip Forcers No		Yes

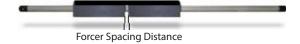
Tandem L160D forcers are possible, but are equivalent to one (1) L160Q forcer and thus are not listed above.

## Connector (Motor Cable)

Receptacle Housing	XMR-03V
Plug Housing	XMP-03V
Retainer	XMS-03V
Pin Contact	SXM-001T-P0.6
Socket Contact	SXA-001T-P0.6

To be installed by the user.

### **Tandem Forcer**



## **Support and Bending**

Stroke	Support Length (L2)	Max. Bending
0~350	25mm	0.00mm
351~500	40mm	0.30mm
501~800	40mm	0.50mm
801~max	60mm	0.50mm

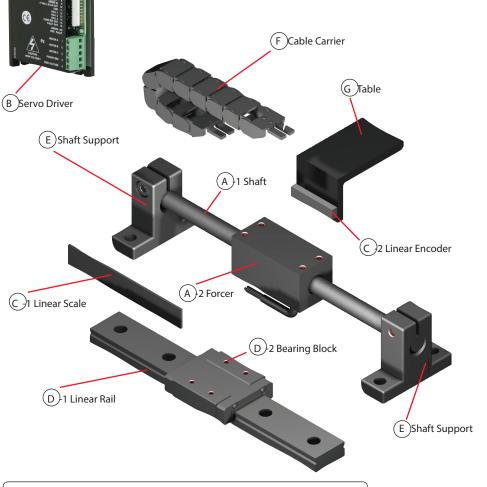
Shaft Diameter (D) - 16mm ±0.1 Total Length (L)=Stroke (S)+Forcer Length(A) +(Support Length (L2)x2)



The design of the Linear Shaft Motor allows you to replace traditional linear motion systems, such as a standard ball screw, with the Linear Shaft Motor and achieve higher speed and resolution.

To achieve the highest performance with the Linear Shaft Motor system, the entire system structure must be optimized.

Be aware there are various design considerations which are somewhat different from traditional servo system practices. These are the main components needed to make a Linear Shaft Motor system, as well as factors to consider when designing a system.



#### Configuring the Linear Shaft Motor

To configure a system using the Linear Shaft Motor, the following peripheral devices are required:

- A. Linear Shaft Motor
- B. Servo Driver
- C. Linear encoder (optical or magnetic)

Item D (Linear Guide) is a necessary part of a system, but consideration must be given to the application, demand specifications, environmental conditions, and which will be moving—the forcer or the shaft.

The other items, E through G, are optional and will need to be selected depending on the application.

# System Design Linear Shaft Motor

Steps to putting together a Linear Shaft Motor System

Choose the Linear Shaft Motor based on force and stroke requirements.

Choose the shaft supports based on design and motor specifications.

Choose the linear guide (bearings) based on cost and smoothness (performance) constraints.

Choose the linear encoder to achieve the required position resolution.

Choose the servo driver to match the power requirements of the Linear Shaft Motor.

Choose the OTL, limit switches/other components and assemble the Linear Shaft Motor system.